



# TIME-SENSITIVE EMERGENCIES SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT

SP TP 0 R  
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SL 5.0 TE 124.0  
FoV 199\*220 TA 04:24  
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# Background

- Navajo Nation:
  - Total Area: Approximately 27,425 square miles.
  - Population/Infrastructure: Home to over 250,000 people and 110 chapters (communities).
- Emergency Medical Service:
  - The service operates 14 established field offices.
  - Operates BLS/ALS ambulances.
  - 911 and IFT services.

# Currently

- Time-Sensitive Emergency System:
  - Comprehensive care system incorporating care of STEMI and Stroke.
- Collaboration in the creation of enabling legislation:
  - ◻ Based on NM 7.27.7 NMDOH Trauma Systems.

## **DRAFT PROPOSED TIME-SENSITIVE EMERGENCIES SYSTEM ACT FOR NAVAJO NATION**

- 1. ISSUING DEPARTMENT:** < \_\_\_\_\_ >
- 2. SCOPE:** These regulations apply to all agencies providing ground and air EMS services, EMS Medical Directors, the Time-Sensitive Emergencies Advisory Committees, the Trauma Advisory Committee, the Navajo Nation Department of Health, all Indian Health Service, Public Law 93-638, and other hospitals located on the Navajo Nation, and all Indian Health Services hospitals adjacent to the Navajo Nation, as listed in Appendix < >
- 3. STATUTORY AUTHORITY:** < \_\_\_\_\_ >
- 4. DURATION:** Permanent
- 5. EFFECTIVE DATE:** < \_\_\_\_\_ >, unless a later date is cited at the end of a section.
- 6. OBJECTIVE:** The purpose of these regulations is to implement a Time-Sensitive Emergencies Care System for the Navajo Nation
  - a. These regulations set forth standards governing the Navajo Nation Time-Sensitive Emergencies System to:**
    - i. prevent unnecessary death and disability due to injury and illness,
    - ii. develop a Navajo Nation-wide time-sensitive emergencies care system to assure timely, quality, cost-efficient and definitive care through coordination of pre-hospital, hospital and post-acute care,
    - iii. provide optimal care for ill and injured patients,
    - iv. study and identify the epidemiology of illness and injury,
    - v. pursue illness and trauma prevention activities to decrease the incidence of illness and trauma
  - b. These regulations establish procedures for:**
    - i. statewide time-sensitive emergencies system oversight.

# Foundation of TIME-SENSITIVE EMERGENCIES SYSTEM



STATUTORY  
AUTHORITY



SUSTAINABLE  
FUNDING



TRAUMA SYSTEM  
PLAN



TRAUMA  
REGISTRY

# Statutory Authority

- A designated lead agency with the authority to set policies, create administrative rules, and manage system related funds.
  - *Multidisciplinary Advisory Group:*
    - *Representative of the full spectrum of tribal healthcare and community needs, including cultural stakeholders.*

# Sustainable Funding

- Securing reliable funding (tribal, federal, state, or grant-based) to support the system.



# Trauma System Plan

- The lead agency should develop a comprehensive Time-Sensitive Emergency System that defines structure, processes, and the responsibilities.

# Tribal Trauma Registry

- ▶ Creation and maintenance of a trauma registry that collects and analyzes data from activation to discharge.
  - Injury Epidemiology:
    - Regular analysis process to identify risk factors, guide prevention programs.

# Continuing

Coordinated time sensitive illness care across Tribal, IHS, and non-IHS partners.

Culturally competent care.

Triage and Transfer protocols

Emergency preparedness and multi-agency cooperation.

# Mission Statement:

"The development and implementation of a comprehensive and dynamic Time Sensitive Illness Care System through the effective use of evidence-based science, leadership, advocacy, partnerships, and the promotion of overall health throughout the Navajo Nation."

# Goal

"To create a paradigm shift in care of time sensitive illness on the Navajo Nation through development of a comprehensive care system tailored to the needs of Navajo Nation communities."



Thank  
You.